UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/597,549	09/03/2008	Richard M. Woundy	007412.00135	2599
	7590 02/01/201 TTCOFF , LTD	EXAMINER		
ATTORNEYS	FOR CLIENT NUMB	KAY, MARY ANNE		
1100 13th STREET, N.W. SUITE 1200 WASHINGTON, DC 20005-4051			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2426	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/01/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/597,549	WOUNDY ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		MARY ANNE KAY	2426				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in an any be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Ja	anuary 2010					
, —	·	action is non-final.					
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
		ex parte adayle, 1000 G.B. 11, 10	0.4.210.				
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,5,8,9,11 and 18-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
·	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· ·	Claim(s) <u>1,2,5,8,9,11 and 18-26</u> is/are rejected	•					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	v alastian vasuivamant					
8)Ш	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
g)∏	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
, —			by the Examiner.				
. عرد	10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 June 2008</u> is/are: a) accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	• , ,	• •				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, ,				
,	·	armior. Note the attached Cines	7.00.011.01111111101102.				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents		-(d) or (f).				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau	rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ed in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	t(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
. —) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						
	rademark Office	3) <u> </u>					

Art Unit: 2426

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to an AMENDMENT entered November 17,
 2010 for the patent application 10/597549 filed on September 3, 2008.

2. The Office Actions of August 13, 2009, March 16, 2010 and are fully incorporated into this Final Office Action by reference.

Status of Claims

3. Claims 1-2, 5, 8-9, 11 and 18-26 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-2 and 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peck (U.S. PGPub 2004/0153207 A1, referred to as **Peck**) in further view of He et al. (U.S. Patent 6,088,451, referred to as **He**) in further view of Hendricks et al. (U.S. Patent 6,201,536, referred to as **Hendricks**), Paragraph 19. below applies.

Art Unit: 2426

Claim 1

Peck teaches:

A method of failsoft operation, the method comprising:

providing a policy to a facility, the policy defining two sets of rules for handling database transaction approvals requested by the facility from a database at the time of a request for content download (**Peck** ¶ 0064; Examiner's Note (EN): Examiner interprets that the computer receiving the set of rules is analogous to the facility receiving the set of rules. Paragraph 19. below applies),

a first set of rules governing normal operation when communication with the database is successful (**Peck** ¶ 0064; EN: Examiner interprets that the computer receiving the set of rules is analogous to the facility receiving the set of rules. Paragraph 19. below applies), and

failsoft rules governing limited transaction approval in the event of a communication failure between the facility and the database at a time of a content download request (**Peck** ¶ 0064; EN: Examiner interprets that the computer receiving the set of rules is analogous to the facility receiving the set of rules. Paragraph 19. below applies),

determining that a communication failure exists between the facility and the database at a time of a content download request (**Peck** ¶ 0064; EN: Examiner interprets communication with computer and controller

Art Unit: 2426

analogous to headend-facility communication. Paragraph 19. below applies).

Peck fails to teach:

using, by a facility computing device, the failsoft rules to preliminarily grant approval for the requested transaction in response to determining that a communication failure exists between the facility and the database at the time of the download request;

wherein the limited transaction approval includes a purchase cost limit;

He teaches:

using, by a facility computing device, the failsoft rules to preliminarily grant approval for the requested transaction in response to determining that a communication failure exists between the facility and the database at the time of the download request (**He** C15:35-C16:4; EN: Risk denial of service to authorized users).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Peck** with the Fail-safe policy as taught by **He** for the purpose of providing Server Reliability since their continuous execution plays a central role in the successful and continuous network operation.

Peck in view of **He** fails to teach:

wherein the limited transaction approval includes a purchase cost limit;

Art Unit: 2426

Hendricks teaches:

wherein the limited transaction approval includes a purchase cost limit

(Hendricks C18:54-62; EN: Preview channel authorized. Paragraph 19.

below applies);

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to modify the teachings of **Peck** in view of **He** with the cost

limit as taught by **Hendricks** for the purpose of providing the viewer services

without full authorization and payment.

Claim 2

Peck teaches:

response to resolution of the communication failure, transmitting an update from

the facility to the database informing the database of the requested

transaction (**Peck** ¶ 0064; EN: Examiner interprets communication with

computer and controller analogous to headend-facility communication.

Paragraph 19. below applies).

Claim 22

Peck et al. fails to teach:

wherein the request for content is a request to view pay-per-view television

content.

Hendricks teaches:

Art Unit: 2426

wherein the request for content is a request to view pay-per-view television

content (Hendricks C16: 58-65).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to modify the teachings of **Peck** et al. with the PPV as taught

by Hendricks for the purpose of providing set top terminals connected to the

headend.

Claim 23

Peck et al. fails to teach:

wherein the request for content is a request to add service to a user's

subscription plan.

Hendricks teaches:

wherein the request for content is a request to add service to a user's

subscription plan (**Hendricks** C16: 52-57).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to modify the teachings of **Peck** et al. with the adding of

service as taught by **Hendricks** for the purpose of providing additional security

when the user has not purchased the channels.

Claim 24

Peck et al. fails to teach:

Application/Control Number: 10/597,549

Art Unit: 2426

wherein the request to add service is a request to add one or more television channels to a television subscriber's subscription lineup.

Page 7

Hendricks teaches:

wherein the request to add service is a request to add one or more television channels to a television subscriber's subscription lineup (**Hendricks** C16:52-57).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Peck** et al. with the adding of service as taught by **Hendricks** for the purpose of providing additional security when the user has not purchased the channels.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. Claims 5 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Peck** in view of **He** in further view of **Hendricks** in further view of Burns et al. (U.S. Patent 6,275,496, referred to as **Burns**).

Claim 5

Peck et al. fails to teach:

the facility is a cable television headend.

Burns teaches:

the facility is a cable television headend (**Burns** Fig. 2, el. 52; C6:9-13).

Rationale:

Art Unit: 2426

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Peck** et al. with the headend as taught by **Burns** for the purpose of providing network resources to distribute video assets to viewers that were requested.

Claim 25

Peck et al. fails to teach:

determining that the communication failure exists based on communication delay.

Burns teaches:

determining that the communication failure exists based on communication delay (Burns C1:50-62).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Peck** et al. with the long as taught by **Burns** for the purpose of providing long delays in delivering data which look like communication failures.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Russell et al. (U.S. PGPub 2002/0069420 A1, referred to as **Russell**) in view of **Peck** in further view of **He** in further view of **Hendricks**, Paragraph 19. below applies.

Claim 8

Russell teaches:

A method of failsoft operation comprising:

receiving a request for content at the facility (**Russell** ¶ 0056);

attempting to communicate to an authorization computer a request for approval of the request for content (**Russell ¶** 0056; EN: Authentication required from the database. Paragraph 19. below applies);

Russell fails to teach:

receiving, at a facility computing device, a set of failsoft rules, the rules defining a communication failure content download cost limit;

determining that a communication failure has delayed or disrupted the process of obtaining approval of the request from the authorization computer;

in response to the communication failure, approving or denying the request for content according to the facility's received set of failsoft rules.

Peck teaches:

receiving, at a facility computing device, a set of failsoft rules (**Peck** ¶ 0064; EN:

Examiner interprets that the computer receiving the set of rules is

analogous to the facility receiving the set of rules. Paragraph 19. below

applies);

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** with the determining that a communication failure exists as taught by **Peck** for the purpose of providing as

Art Unit: 2426

part of the fail-soft operation, following of a protocol in which an error message is transmitted in the event of a failed transmission.

Russell in view of Peck fails to teach:

determining that a communication failure has delayed or disrupted the process of obtaining approval of the request from the authorization computer; in response to the communication failure, approving or denying the request for content according to the facility's received set of failsoft rules.

He teaches:

determining that a communication failure has delayed or disrupted the process of obtaining approval of the request from the authorization computer (**He** C15:35-C16:4; EN: Risk denial of service to authorized users); in response to the communication failure, approving or denying the request for content according to the facility's received set of failsoft rules (**He** C15:35-C16:4; EN: Risk denial of service to authorized users).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** in view of **Peck** with the Fail-safe policy as taught by **He** for the purpose of providing Server Reliability since their continuous execution plays a central role in the successful and continuous network operation.

Russell in view of **Peck** in further view of **He** fails to teach:

the rules defining a communication failure content download cost limit;

Art Unit: 2426

Hendricks teaches:

the rules defining a communication failure content download cost limit

(Hendricks C18:54-62; EN: Preview channel authorized. Paragraph 19.

below applies);

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** in view of **Peck** in further

view of **He** with the cost limit as taught by **Hendricks** for the purpose of providing

the viewer services without full authorization and payment.

Claim 9

Russell et al. fails to teach:

in response to resolution of the communication failure, transmitting an update

from the facility to the database informing the database of the requested

transaction.

Peck teaches:

response to resolution of the communication failure, transmitting an update from

the facility to the database informing the database of the requested

transaction (Peck ¶ 0064; EN: Examiner interprets communication with

computer and controller analogous to headend-facility communication.

Paragraph 19. below applies).

Rationale:

Art Unit: 2426

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** et al. with the determining that a communication failure exists as taught by **Peck** for the purpose of providing as part of the fail-soft operation, following of a protocol in which an error message is transmitted in the event of a failed transmission.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Russell** in view of **Peck** in further view of **He** in further view of **Hendricks** in further view of **Burns**.

Claim 11

Russell et al. fails to teach:

the facility is a cable television headend.

Burns teaches:

the facility is a cable television headend (**Burns** Fig. 2, el. 52; C6:9-13).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** et al. with the headend as taught by **Burns** for the purpose of providing network resources to distribute video assets to viewers that were requested.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

9. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Russell** in view of **He** in further view of **Hendricks**, Paragraph 19. below applies.

Art Unit: 2426

<u>Claim 18</u>

Russell teaches:

A content delivery method, comprising:

receiving, at a first computing device, a user request for downloading content, wherein access to the content requires the device to request authorization from a central facility database (**Russell** ¶ 0056; EN: Authentication required from the database. Paragraph 19. below applies);

Russell fails to teach:

determining that a communication failure exists between the computing device and the central facility at the time of a content download request; and granting limited approval to the request and limiting the download to a predetermined communication failure cost limit established in a communication failure content download failsoft rule.

He teaches:

determining that a communication failure exists between the computing device and the central facility at the time of a content download request (**He** C15:35-C16:4; EN: Risk denial of service to authorized users); and granting limited approval to the request and limiting the download to a predetermined communication failure (**He** C15:35-C16:4; EN: Risk denial of service to authorized users).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** with the Fail-safe policy as taught by **He** for the purpose of providing Server Reliability since their continuous execution plays a central role in the successful and continuous network operation.

Russell in view of **He** fails to teach:

failure cost limit established in a communication failure content download failsoft; **Hendricks** teaches:

failure cost limit established in a communication failure content download failsoft rule (**Hendricks** C18:54-62; EN: Preview channel authorized. Paragraph 19. below applies);

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** in view of **He** with the cost limit as taught by **Hendricks** for the purpose of providing the viewer services without full authorization and payment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Russell** in view of **He** in further view of **Hendricks** in further view of **Burns**.

Claim 19

Russell et al. fails to teach:

wherein the receiving occurs at a cable television system headend.

Art Unit: 2426

Burns teaches:

wherein the receiving occurs at a cable television system headend (Burns Fig. 2,

el. 52; C6:9-13).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** et al. with the headend facilities as taught by **Burns** for the purpose of providing network resources to distribute video assets to viewers that were requested.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

11. Claims 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Russell in view of He in further view of Hendricks in further view of Lloyd et al.

(U.S. PGPub 2005/0102297, referred to as **Lloyd**).

Claim 20

Russell et al. fails to teach:

wherein the central database is realized as a relational database.

Lloyd teaches:

wherein the central database is realized as a relational database (**Lloyd** ¶ 812).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** et al. with the database type as taught by **Lloyd** for the purpose of providing a distributed object-oriented directory database reflecting "many to one" relationships of elements within a

Art Unit: 2426

directory object class and the instantiations of that class within a named hierarchical structure.

Claim 21

Russell et al. fails to teach:

wherein the central database is realized as an LDAPIX.500 directory.

Lloyd teaches:

wherein the central database is realized as an LDAPIX.500 directory (**Lloyd** ¶ 812).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** et al. with the directory type as taught by **Lloyd** for the purpose of providing per this standard a distributed object-oriented directory database reflecting "many to one" relationships of elements within a directory object class and the instantiations of that class within a named hierarchical structure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

12. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Russell** in view of **Peck** in further view of **He** in further view of **Hendricks** in further view of Buckman et al. (U.S. PGPub 2002/0188732 A1, referred to as **Buckman**), Paragraph 19. below applies.

Claim 26

Russell et al. fails to teach:

the facility receiving periodic updates to the set of failsoft rules from the authorization computer.

Buckman teaches:

the facility receiving periodic updates to the set of failsoft rules from the authorization computer (**Buckman** ¶ 0029; EN: Management server maintains and updates the policy. Paragraph 19. below applies).

Rationale:

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of **Russell** et al. with the periodic updates as taught by **Buckman** for the purpose of providing improved data transfer predictability by allocating network bandwidth as tunnels dedicated to applications.

Response to Arguments

13. In reference to Applicant's argument:

None of the applied references teach or suggest the amended claim 1 method.

Examiner's Response:

Applicant's amendments have been fully considered. Therefore, the rejection of claim 1 has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of

Art Unit: 2426

rejection is made in view of Peck (U.S. PGPub 2004/0153207) and He et al. (U.S.

Patent 6,088,451) and Hendricks et al. (U.S. Patent 6,201,536).

14. In reference to Applicant's argument:

Amended independent claim 8 recites, among other features, the following (emphasis added): "receiving, at a facility computing device, a set of failsoft rules, the rules defining a <u>communication failure content download cost</u> limit."

None of these references shows the recited communication failure content download cost limit as part of the recited failsoft rules.

Examiner's Response:

Applicant's amendments have been fully considered. Therefore, the rejection of claim 8 has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Russell et al. (U.S. PGPub 2002/0069420 A1) and Peck (U.S. PGPub 2004/0153207) and He et al. (U.S. Patent 6,088,451) and Hendricks et al. (U.S. Patent 6,201,536).

15. In reference to Applicant's argument:

Amended independent claim 18

None of the references shows a communication failure content download failsoft rule establishing a predetermined communication failure cost limit.

Examiner's Response:

Applicant's amendments have been fully considered. Therefore, the rejection of claim 18 has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Russell et al. (U.S. PGPub 2002/0069420 A1) and He et al. (U.S. Patent 6,088,451) and Hendricks et al. (U.S. Patent 6,201,536).

Art Unit: 2426

Examination Considerations

- 16. The claims and only the claims form the metes and bounds of the invention. "Office personnel are to give the claims their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the supporting disclosure. *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim should not be read into the claim. *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969) (MPEP p 2100-8, c 2, I 45-48; p 2100-9, c 1, I 1-4). The Examiner has full latitude to interpret each claim in the broadest reasonable sense. Examiner will reference prior art using terminology familiar to one of ordinary skill in the art. Such an approach is broad in concept and can be either explicit or implicit in meaning.
- 17. Examiner's Notes are provided with the cited references to prior art to assist the applicant to better understand the nature of the prior art, application of such prior art and, as appropriate, to further indicate other prior art that maybe applied in other office actions. Such comments are entirely consistent with the intent and spirit of compact prosecution. However, and unless otherwise stated, the Examiner's Notes are not prior art but a link to prior art that one of ordinary skill in the art would find inherently appropriate.
- 18. Unless otherwise annotated, Examiner's statements are to be interpreted in reference to that of one of ordinary skill in the art. Statements made in reference to the condition of the disclosure constitute, on the face of it, the basis and such would be

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, establishing thereby an inherent prima facie statement.

19. Examiner's Opinion: ¶¶ 16.-18. apply. The Examiner has full latitude to interpret each claim in the broadest reasonable sense.

Conclusion

20. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Art Unit: 2426

Correspondence Information

21. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to MARY ANNE KAY whose telephone number is (571)270-5677, FAX (571)270-6677, e-mail mary.kay@uspto.gov. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday -Thursday and every other Friday, 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM, EST.

As detailed in MPEP 502.03, communications via Internet e-mail are at the discretion of the Applicant. Without a written authorization by Applicant recorded in the Applicant's file, the USPTO will not respond via e-mail to any Internet correspondence which contains information subject to the confidentiality requirement as set forth in 35 U.S.C. 122. A paper copy of such correspondence will be placed in the appropriate patent application. The following is an example authorization which may be used by the Applicant:

Notwithstanding the lack of security with Internet Communications, I hereby authorize the USPTO to communicate with me concerning any subject matter related to the instant application by email. I understand that a copy of such communications related to formal submissions will be made of record in the applications file.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Joseph Hirl can be reached on (571)272-3685. Any response to this office action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks,

Washington, D. C. 20231;

Hand delivered to:

Receptionist,

Art Unit: 2426

Customer Service Window,

Randolph Building,

401 Dulany Street,

Alexandria, Virginia 22313,

(located on the first floor of the south side of the Randolph Building);

or faxed to:

(571)273-8300 (for formal communications intended for entry).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mary Anne Kay Examiner

/Joseph P. Hirl/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2426 January 31, 2011